



LIBERTY JUSTICE CENTER

ABOUT US

The Liberty Justice Center is a non-profit legal organization that helps protect the economic liberty, private property rights, free speech, and other fundamental rights of regular Americans. Our attorneys have fought for workers' rights and won in courts across the country, including helping Mark Janus win in the U.S. Supreme Court.



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LIBERTY JUSTICE CENTER

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6 JANUS RIGHTS

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES SHOULD KNOW

Government workers' First Amendment rights were restored in 2018 when the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in favor of government employee Mark Janus in *Janus v. AFSCME* that union membership was optional and workers could not be forced into paying fees or dues to a union in order to keep their jobs.

Although many government employees have exercised their right to leave the union, many employees, particularly recent hires, remain unaware of their rights when it comes to union membership.

At the Liberty Justice Center, we want to make sure government employees are aware of their rights and ensure they are free to exercise them.

KNOW YOUR RIGHTS

Take a minute to review your Janus rights below and consider sharing this with other colleagues.

If you work for the government, your employer should inform you of your rights.

1 New hire orientation and on-boarding includes a lot of information. It can be overwhelming! You have decisions to make about retirement benefits, health insurance, and union membership. At the time you are hired, your employer—that is, the government body that you work for—should inform you of your right to join or not join a union and to pay or not pay union dues. If you started working for the government after June 27, 2018, and were not informed of your right to refrain from union membership, then your Janus rights may have been violated.

You have the right to decide whether to join a union.

2 Almost all government workplaces have unions, and in many cases, these unions have been in place for decades. Only you can decide whether you want to join the union and pay union membership dues. No one can pressure you to join a union, and your job is not at stake if you choose not to join or pay dues to a union.

You cannot be forced to pay anything to a union.

3 The Janus decision says that only union members can be charged union dues. If you are not a union member, no union dues or fees can be deducted from your paycheck. If you paid “fair share fees” or “agency fees” before June 27, 2018, you no longer have to pay them.

The government must get your permission to deduct union dues from your paycheck.

4 Under the Supreme Court’s ruling, “employees must choose to support the union before anything is taken from them.” This means that no union dues or fees can be deducted from your paycheck unless you have been fully informed of your right not to pay union dues—and have freely given your written, signed permission to have union dues deducted from your paycheck. If you signed a union membership application prior to June 27, 2018, you must give another signed permission to have your dues deducted.

Employer-provided benefits are not tied to your union membership status.

5 A common concern among government employees is that they will lose employee benefits such as health insurance and retirement if they decide not to be part of a union. This is not true. Any benefits offered to employees by your employer—the government entity that issues your paychecks—are available to you regardless of your union membership status.

You have a right to talk to your employer about your salary and benefits, union membership, and your Janus rights.

6 The Supreme Court required that you must be fully informed to give your permission to have union dues deducted from your paycheck. Therefore, your employer must talk to you about your rights. The government cannot leave it up to the union to answer your questions. You have a right to speak to your employer about your employment choices.

If you have questions or feel your rights have been violated, contact us today at StandWithMark.com